Week 4, 1 Peter 2:13-25

This section of is very similar to another passag	ge that we studied recently in Ephesians. (Eph 6:1-9)
The fact that these particularthat this specific concept is very	are being repeated again now by Peter means to God.
	hority, workers, employees & slaves It is actually nat should the life believer.
This concept is; Submission unto the will of	God.
The theme of the Bible in one sentence; Mankind must submit to what God has said by h	aving come to faith in what God has said.
God's goal is that mankind would trust in His wo His will, desire & design.	ord and His goodness in order that they might submit to
Therefore one of the main themes of the Bible i The need for humanity to willfully and design and will.	submit to God's instruction, that is; to
	ucture and He has ordained at when humanity is following his instruction and design d it will reward in all of eternity.
Our capacity to submit to God is for our good & in our	on our willingness to believe that His best interest.
	on our willingness to believe that God
God has an order for husbands, wives, fathers, r sex, alcohol, food, clothing	mothers, children, work, employers, employees, money
,	insight into God's order for governing authority & His a much bigger point that Peter is trying to make, and he bloyees & slaves to illustrate the point.
1 Peter 2:21 First, Peter says that Christ is the of	for all believers. And all believers f Christ.
In eternity past, God determined a mankind. In his infinite wisdom God the form of a human, to then to suffer and die ir of humanity's sin.	for the impending of that His Son, would need to come to earth in a specific way in order to for the

The plan to save mankind through the death of God's Son and to adopt fallen, yet redeemed people, into the family of God was a plan existing in the mind of God in eternity past.

This idea is mentioned	l in the Bible many d	different times, see Rev 3	:18 & Eph 1:4-5	
Christ was to	greatly	a will, a design for salva v and Christ willfully, ev		design,
	to that design.			
		to suffer. That is; God's i		
How could Jesus su	ubmit to and obey	y such a painful plan?		
Could it be that Jesus,	like Moses, believed	that there was more rewing else in all the world? (vard & more joy to b	-
Jesus, the founder and the cross (Heb 12:2)	l perfecter of our fai	th, who for the joy that v	vas set before him	endured
What reward was	there for Christ? \	What joy was set befo	ore him? Isa 53:11,	Phil 2:9
He was rewarded with	the satisfaction of h	naving accomplished the or of God and was given t	righteous standing	of
	s that Jesus didn't try nself to God, who judg	to hir ges/rewards fairly.	nself or free himself, r	ather he
Peter's conclusion is c	lear We must	in the	of C	hrist.
The state of the s	•	example of Christ is a gla God's design in all things,		ship,
because we know He	rewa	ard us in the end.		
unloving wife, for the	wife who respects he	great reward for the hus er unrespectable husban is working unto his heav	d & for the employee	
If we put all these thin	ngs together we get	a very clear picture of w	hat biblical faith is.	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	nd in what God has promise is of great reward; greate	_	
to what he wants is a	bsolutely the most re	at says "I believe God an ewarding thing that I co vorking hard for my diffi	uld ever do… even i	f it

unloving wife, respecting my unrespectable husband. I believe that he rewards everything done in submission to his will and design... and I am entrusting the ultimate outcome of these

situations to God, who will right all wrong and will reward all good"